

HOBART AIRSPACE DESIGN

CONNELLYS MARSH COMMUNITY

Airservices has undertaken a review of the Hobart Airport Standard Instrument Departures (SIDs) and Standard Instrument Arrivals (STARs) for Runway 12 and Runway 30, with safety of air navigation as our primary consideration. While the current flight path design is safe, Airservices has identified opportunities to improve safety while minimising the effect of aircraft noise on the community, where possible.

Airservices has prepared Fact Sheets for specific communities located within areas affected by proposed flight path designs to provide further information regarding what you will see and hear. Consultation commenced on 31 October 2018 and is open until 21 December 2018. The proposed designs can be found by following this link on the Airservices website or <a href="http://www.airservicesaustralia.com/projects/flight-path-changes/hobart-airport-standard-arrivals-and-departures/

HOW ARE THE RUNWAYS USED AT HOBART INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT?

The operational pattern of Hobart Airport is highly seasonal due to prevailing winds and weather patterns. Hobart Airport has one runway, which is aligned northwest known as Runway 30 and southeast known as Runway 12.

In winter months the airport tends to operate in a north-westerly flow, with aircraft landing and taking off on Runway 30 in the same direction, whereas during the summer months, operations are more evenly distributed to both Runway 30 and Runway 12. This is because aircraft need to land and take-off into wind as much as possible.

HOW WILL IT BE DIFFERENT FROM WHAT I EXPERIENCE TODAY?

The proposed design introduces separate SIDs for light aircraft and jet aircraft. It also includes the introduction of Smart Tracking STAR approaches for both runways. These are in addition to the satellite area navigation approaches (RNAV) currently in use.

Smart Tracking aircraft fly with greater accuracy than those using conventional navigation means, providing vertical and lateral guidance. The satellite technology makes air travel safer, with fewer emissions and is more dependable in all

weather conditions. Aircraft flying the Smart Tracking approach must meet regulatory standards for approval to fly this flight path. Most airlines in Australia have this approval.

The following are the proposed flight path designs for Runway 30 and Runway 12 that affect the Connellys Marsh area. It is important to note that there will be times when aircraft will fly paths that are different to the proposed flight paths due to operational reasons.

Runway 30 (Figures 1 and 3)

When Runway 30 is used for arrivals, there will be three possible flight paths:

- The flight path to the northwest used for jet aircraft flying the Smart Tracking approach.
- The flight path to the east used by light aircraft flying from locations such as Launceston and St Helens, and jet aircraft from locations such as Melbourne, flying the RNAV approach.
- The flight path over water to the south used by jet aircraft arriving from ports such as Sydney and Brisbane, to join the RNAV approach.

The total busy summer day operations of up to **38** aircraft will be spread across these three flight paths.



Runway 12 (Figures 2 and 4)

When Runway 12 is used for departures, the flight path for jet aircraft will move closer to Connellys Marsh, and the light aircraft departure flight path will move 6 km further away.

Flight Path Corridors

The current and proposed flight paths are presented as 'flight path corridors'. The corridors contain the flight path track in the centre and an area either side of the track, where aircraft can be expected to operate. This is because aircraft performance can vary across aircraft types, operators and in different weather conditions

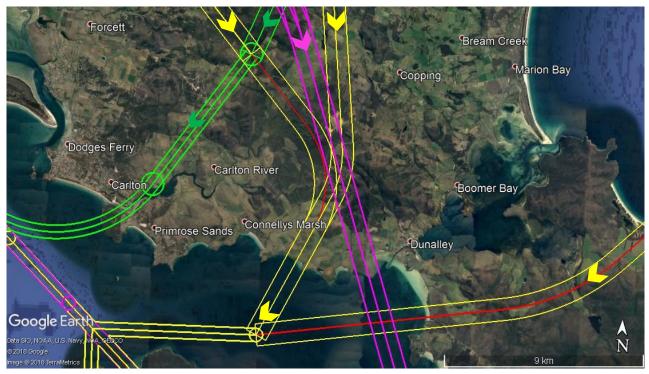


Figure 1: Runway 30 Operations



Figure 2: Runway 12 Operations Key: Current Departures

Proposed Departures



WHAT WILL I SEE (AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS, DISTANCES AND HEIGHTS)?

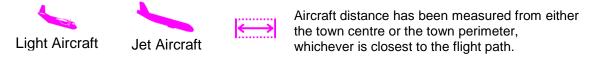




Figure 3 Runway 30 Operations

Key: Current Arrivals
Proposed Arrivals
Smart Tracking Arrivals

On a busy day, residents will notice approximately **15** jet and light aircraft arriving to the east of the area at a height of up to 1.5 km, approximately **6** jet aircraft arriving to the south at a height of up to 1 km and approximately **17** jet aircraft arriving to the northwest via the Smart Tracking flight path at a height of up to 1 km.



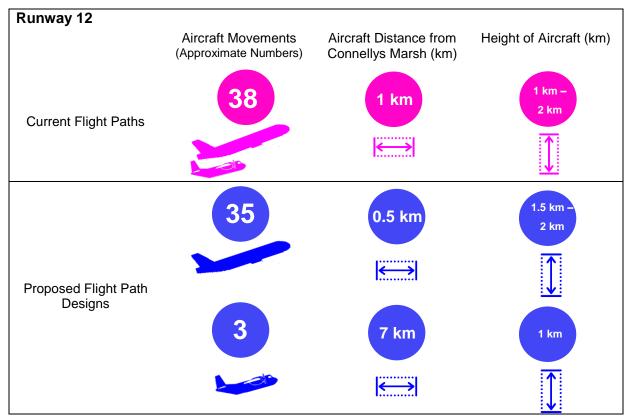


Figure 4: Runway 12 Operations

Key: Current Departures
Proposed Departures

Residents can expect to see approximately **35** jet aircraft 500 m to the west of Connellys Marsh, at a height of up to 2 km ,and approximately **3** light aircraft 7 kms to the northwest of Connellys Marsh at a height of up to 1 km.

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WHAT WILL I HEAR?

Based on noise modelling¹ on a busy summer day, Figure 5 depicts the current noise modelling map of the Connellys Marsh area, with approximately 5 noise events over 60 decibels² depicted (shown as pink dots).



Figure 5: Current 60 decibel map with 5 (pink dots) noise events depicted.

Figure 6 presents the proposed noise modelling map for the Connellys Marsh area which shows up a breakup of the noise contours to three areas of up to 5 noise events over 60 decibels per day (shown as pink dots).



Figure 6: Proposed 60 decibel map with 5 (pink dots) noise events depicted.

The range of noise levels associated with different everyday activities is depicted in Figure 7.

WHEN WILL THIS CHANGE OCCUR?

The proposed flight path designs are open for stakeholder feedback from 31 October and have now been extended until 21 December 2018.

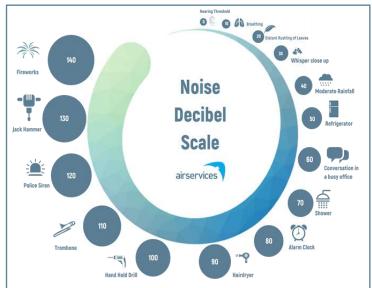


Figure 7: Noise Decibel Scale (Source: Noise Navigator® Sound Level Database) provides examples of the level of noise (decibels) that various activities and equipment emit, and communities may experience. The diagram is not designed to illustrate the entire effect of aircraft operations.

An implementation date will be determined once all the feedback is considered and the flight path designs are finalised.

WHERE CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

On-site community consultation will occur in the broader Hobart area between 15 and 21 November 2018. Dates and locations are available on the Airservices website.

HOW CAN I HAVE MY SAY?

To provide feedback and/or register interest in receiving information on flight path changes for the Hobart area, contact either:

Tania Parkes Consulting:

- taniaparkes@taniaparkes.com.au
- 1800 172 173 (free call), or

Airservices Noise Complaints and Information Service (NCIS):

- 1800 802 584 (free call), an interpreter service is also available on 131 450
- Our online form at: https://feedback.emsbk.com/asa

Disclaimer: While the information contained in this document has been presented with all due care, Airservices does not represent that the Information is free from errors or omission.

¹ Aviation Environment Design Tool (FAA)

² Australian Standard 2021:2015